



CADERNO DE QUESTÕES

NÚCLEO DE LÍNGUAS CAMPUS ITAPERI | SELEÇÃO 2025.1 TESTE DE NÍVEL



NOME COMPLETO

NÚCLEO DE LÍNGUAS CAMPUS ITAPERI

seleção 2025.1 teste de nível

EDITAL Nº 51/2024
PROVA DE LÍNGUA INGLESA SEMESTRE V

DURAÇÃO DA PROVA: 03 HORAS
INÍCIO: 09 HORAS | TÉRMINO: 12 HORAS

LEIA ATENTAMENTE AS INSTRUÇÕES:

1. Este CADERNO DE QUESTÕES contém 30 questões numeradas de 01 a 30.
2. Confira se a quantidade e a ordem das questões do seu CADERNO DE QUESTÕES estão de acordo com a instrução anterior. Caso o caderno esteja incompleto ou tenha algum defeito de impressão comunique ao aplicador da sala para que ele tome as providências cabíveis.
3. Utilize apenas caneta esferográfica de tinta azul ou preta. Será considerada nula a FOLHA DE GABARITO que estiver marcada a lápis ou caneta com cor diferente à especificada anteriormente.
4. Para cada uma das questões do CADERNO DE QUESTÕES são apresentadas 5 opções de resposta. Apenas uma delas responde corretamente à questão.
5. O tempo disponível para esta prova é de 3 (três) horas, tendo início às 09h e encerrando às 12h. Será permitido deixar o local de prova somente após decorrida 1 (uma) hora do início da aplicação, sob risco de eliminação.
6. Será eliminado desta seleção quem utilizar-se de relógios ou aparelhos eletrônicos (notebook, agenda eletrônica, telefone celular, smartphone, calculadora, tablet, pen drive, mp3 player, fones de ouvido, etc.).
7. Reserve os 30 minutos finais para marcar sua FOLHA DE GABARITO.
8. Após a entrega da folha de gabarito, se retirar do local/sala de prova com este CADERNO DE QUESTÕES.
9. Este CADERNO DE QUESTÕES, juntamente com o GABARITO PRELIMINAR, estará disponível, dia **13 de janeiro de 2025**, no site (www.uece.br/nucleodelinguasitaperi/selecao/teste-de-nivel/).
10. O resultado final da Seleção 2025.1 Teste de Nível estará disponível, dia **21 de janeiro de 2025**, no site (www.uece.br/nucleodelinguasitaperi/selecao/teste-de-nivel/).

PROVA DE LÍNGUA INGLESA**TEXT I:****LATIN AS A SECOND LANGUAGE**

01 Many people believe that it is beneficial to
02 learn a second language. Knowing two languages
03 makes it easier to travel to foreign countries,
04 communicate with people from other cultures, and
05 conduct international business. Even if you do not
06 learn to speak another language fluently, studying a
07 language is a useful academic exercise because it
08 requires concentration and logical thinking.

09 Some people choose to learn Latin, which is a
10 dead language. Latin has not been spoken for over
11 a thousand years. Nevertheless, schools in many
12 different countries offer courses in Latin. Some
13 argue that Latin can help English speakers build
14 their vocabulary, since many English words are
15 **derived** from Latin. Latin is also the basis for all of
16 the modern Romance languages. If you already
17 know Latin, languages like Italian and Spanish will
18 be easier to learn.

19 **Nonetheless**, if you choose to study a
20 language that no one speaks anymore, many of the
21 practical advantages of learning a second language
22 are erased. This means you should think carefully
23 about which language you choose to learn.

Fonte:

<https://readtheory.org/reading-comprehension-worksheets/9th-grade/>

QUESTÃO 01

The author believes that Latin is:

- a) Completely useless as a second language.
- b) Less useful than spoken languages.
- c) Useful for English speakers but no one else.
- d) More useful than other dead languages, such as ancient Greek.
- e) Easier to learn because it is a dead language.

QUESTÃO 02

Based on information in the passage, it can be understood that a “*dead language*” is a language that is:

- a) Over a thousand years old.
- b) A language that is only spoken by scholars and experts.
- c) Useful for learning modern vocabulary.
- d) The basis for other languages.
- e) Not spoken anymore.

QUESTÃO 03

Someone who knows Latin will likely be able to:

- I. *Think logically.*
- II. *Learn Spanish easier.*
- III. *Communicate with foreigners.*
- a) I only.
- b) II only.
- c) I and II only.
- d) II and III only.
- e) I, II, and III.

QUESTÃO 04

According to the author, Latin can be helpful for English speakers because it is:

- a) The basis for all of the modern Romance languages.
- b) A way to conduct international business.
- c) Taught in schools in many different countries.
- d) A way to help build their vocabulary.
- e) A way to conduct international business.

QUESTÃO 05

Something that is “*derived*” (line 15) must:

- a) Substitute something else.
- b) Come before something else.
- c) Come from something else.
- d) Be the same as something else.
- e) Replace something else.

QUESTÃO 06

The main purpose of this passage is to:

- a) Educate the reader about the advantages and disadvantages of learning a second language.
- b) Explain that although learning Latin has advantages it is a less useful choice.
- c) Highlight the reasons why some people think learning Latin is a good idea.
- d) Argue against the continuation of teaching Latin in schools around the world.
- e) Explain why Latin is the best language to learn.

QUESTÃO 07

The word “*nonetheless*” (line 19) can be replaced with no change in meaning by:

- a) Therefore.
- b) Because.
- c) Thus.
- d) However.
- e) Subsequently.

TEXT II:**LEARNING ENGLISH FORUM**

01 **Banjo_Boy asks:**

02 I was in the USA on a language course last
03 summer. It was a fantastic learning experience!
04 People were so friendly and welcoming. I'm going
05 on a British summer course this year. I heard that
06 English people are more unfriendly and polite. Is
07 that true? I'm worried about the language as well. I
08 learned American English at school, and I've heard

09 that British English is different. I'm worried that I'll
10 **misunderstand** everyone, make errors and appear
11 impolite. Can anyone help?

12 **Sara_May replies:**

13 Don't worry about the language! It's mostly the
14 same. In terms of grammar, there are no differences
15 at all. There are a few vocabulary differences
16 though, like in the USA they say 'subway', 'gas' and
17 'apartment', while in Britain they say 'underground',
18 'petrol' and 'flat'. But it won't be a problem. You'll
19 understand those unfamiliar words from the context.
20 What's more, British people will understand you if
21 you use American words. After all, they watch lots
22 of American shows on television. The British accent
23 is very different from the American one, but
24 personally, I find it easier to understand.

Fonte:

<https://test-english.com/reading/b1/learning-english-forum-your-answer-reading-test/>

QUESTÃO 08

Which sentence best summarises Banjo_Boy's situation?

- a) He is worried about making mistakes in his language and behaviour when he goes to Britain.
- b) He is worried that his trip to America won't be as fun as last year's trip to Britain.
- c) He wants to know whether it is more useful to learn American English or British English.
- d) He wants to learn how to speak well and be polite to his American and British guests.
- e) He is concerned about misunderstanding his wife's British family.

QUESTÃO 09

What is Sara_May's advice?

- a) The vocabulary differences are hard to understand, but the British accent is easy to understand.
- b) There are many vocabulary differences so you should take an idiom dictionary with you.
- c) Both the vocabulary and the accent differences are hard to understand.
- d) The vocabulary differences are easy to understand, but the British accent is hard to understand.
- e) Neither the vocabulary nor the accent differences are hard to understand.

QUESTÃO 10

The opposite idea of the word "*misunderstand*" (line 10) is:

- a) Misinterpret.
- b) Misread.
- c) Confuse.
- d) Comprehend.
- e) Get wrong.

QUESTÃO 11

Choose the correct option to complete the following sentence:

I'm afraid I _____ come to your party next week. I'll be working at the time.

- a) Can.
- b) Can't.
- c) Should.
- d) Could.
- e) Couldn't.

QUESTÃO 12

Choose the correct option to complete the following sentences:

I. "*It's the building next to the library _____ the left.*"

II. _____ *past the traffic lights.*

III. Go _____ *on.*

- a) In / turn / straight.
- b) On / turn / go.
- c) Go / go / left.
- d) In / straight / straight.
- e) On / go / straight.

QUESTÃO 13

Choose the correct option to complete the conversation:

A: "*Nice picture! _____ ?*"

B: *They're my coworkers.*

- a) Whose are those?
- b) Whose is this?
- c) Where are these?
- d) Who are these?
- e) Who is that?

QUESTÃO 14

Choose the correct option to complete the following sentences:

"We've known each other _____ we were in school."

- a) Since.
- b) For.
- c) Still.
- d) Already.
- e) Yet.

QUESTÃO 15

Choose the option which is grammatically correct:

- a) My mother was born at December 21st.
- b) Let's meet on the night, around on 8pm.
- c) I never have lunch at noon.
- d) I often get at home in 6pm.
- e) Does Kim live on Japan?

QUESTÃO 16

Choose the option which is grammatically **INCORRECT**:

- a) Darren is a fast runner.
- b) Kate works hardly.
- c) Have you seen my sister lately?
- d) He tried hard to find a job, but he had no luck.
- e) It's hard to find a job right now.

QUESTÃO 17

Choose the correct option to complete the following sentences:

- I. *I' ve never _____ sushi, is it good?*
II. *This is the Spanish teacher who _____ us last year.*
III. *Have you ever _____ a car?*
a) Ate / teached / drove.
b) Ate / taught / drove.
c) Eaten / thought / driven.
d) Eaten / taught / driven.
e) Eaten / taught / drove.

QUESTÃO 18

Choose the correct option to complete the sentence:
I love my cousins. We _____ really well.

- a) Get off.
b) Get up.
c) Get along.
d) Get better.
e) Get of.

QUESTÃO 19

Choose the correct option to complete the sentence:

Alex: " _____ you ever _____ a ghost?"

Cris: "No, I _____."

- a) Did / saw / didn't.
b) Did / see / didn't.
c) Have / see / haven't.
d) Have / seen / haven't.
e) Have / seen / hasn't.

QUESTÃO 20

Choose the correct option to complete the following sentences:

- I. *I have _____ children.*
II. *I don't have _____ children.*
III. *Do you have _____ children?*
a) No / no / no.
b) No / any / any.
c) Any / any / any.
d) No / no / any.
e) Any / no / no.

QUESTÃO 21

Choose the correct option to complete the following sentence:

"It's freezing out there! You should bring your _____ and _____."

- a) Gloves / scarf.
b) Sunglasses / T-shirt.
c) Shorts / sandals.
d) Tie / suit.
e) High heels / skirt.

QUESTÃO 22

Choose the correct option to complete the following question:

A: _____ free time do you have?

B: Not _____. I work from Monday to Saturday.

- a) How many / many.
b) How long / long.
c) How much / much.
d) How amount / much.
e) How a lot of / of.

QUESTÃO 23

Choose the correct option to complete the following sentence:

"In a consumer society, people are often buying _____ and _____ products. This creates a lot of waste."

- a) More newer / more advanced.
b) Newer / advanceder.
c) More new / advanceder.
d) Newer / more advanced.
e) More new / more advanced.

QUESTÃO 24

Choose the correct question for the following answer:

A: " _____ ?"

B: *"I bought a newspaper this morning."*

- a) What bought you this morning?
b) What you bought this morning?
c) What did you buy this morning?
d) What you did buy this morning?
e) What did you bought this morning?

QUESTÃO 25

Choose the sentence which is grammatically correct:

- a) There are a little expensive new flats next to the river.
b) Hurry up! We only have a few time before the coach leaves.
c) It's very quiet. There aren't much people here today.
d) There are a few shops near the university.
e) There aren't much car parks in the centre of Oxford.

QUESTÃO 26

Choose the correct option to complete the following sentence:

My sister thinks she's _____ me, but I don't agree!

- a) Most intelligent.
b) The most intelligent.
c) Intelligent.
d) More intelligent.
e) More intelligent than.

QUESTÃO 27

Choose the correct option to complete the following sentence:

- I. *I think Men in Black 1 was _____ than Men in Black 3.*
- II. *Do you think films are _____ than books?*
- III. *This is probably the _____ film I've seen!*
- a) Funnier / better / worst.
b) Funnyer / better / worse.
c) Funnier / gooder / worse.
d) Funniest / best / worst.
e) Funnyest / best / worse.

QUESTÃO 28

Choose the sentence which does not express the idea of future:

- a) I will start my new job next week.
b) She is going to visit her grandparents tomorrow.
c) The sun rises in the east every morning.
d) They are planning a trip to Paris next summer.
e) We are going to have a meeting on Friday.

QUESTÃO 29

Choose the option in which all the words end with the same -ed sound.

- a) Wanted / needed / started.
b) Decided / visited / helped.
c) Laughed / baked / played.
d) Talked / walked / lived.
e) Cried / dreamed / matched.

QUESTÃO 30

Choose the option in which all the words are in the correct plural form:

- a) Cats / dogs / childrens.
b) Peoples / children / chaires.
c) Fish / persons / mouse.
d) Man / woman / children.
e) Men / women / people.